1 PLACE OF DEATH		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS		
Cou	Platte		CERT	IFICATE OF DEATH
TownshipRegistration		Registration Distri	t No. 6 12 File	6895 :
•		22		
village Dearborn, Primary Registration		on District No. 4 4 Reg	istered No.	
	7.,,,,,,,,,	(NO.,,		(If death occurred in a hospital or institution.
	² FULL NAME Joshua	Shifflet		give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS			MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
3 BEX	4 COLOR OR RACE SINGL		16 DATE OF DEATH	
Ma	WIDOW		Febru	10 th (Year)
November 1st 1841. (Month) (Day) (Year)			1 HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from 1919, to the 10, 1919.	
7 AGE		If LESS than	that I last saw hare alive one and that death occurred, on the	e date stated above, at 10. A.am.
(a) 'part (b) (busi which 9 BIR'	CUPATION Trade, profession, or Black Siticular kind of work	nith isrd	GEENLE WORLD	Juddan A mos A de
	10 NAME OF Allen Shifflet.		CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) (Dynatio	n) Hp yrs 1 mos 1 ds
RENTS	11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Kentucky.		(Signed) (Radd	hair M. D.
PARE	12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Nancy Cooper.		*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.	
	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) Kentucky,		18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place In the	
14 TM (In	E ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY	showledge Shifflet	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death? Former or usual residence.	
(Address) Dearborn Lo.			19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVA Dearborn Cerctery	Febv. 10th9
Fil	1. al March 10. 1919	/////////// Registrar	20 gndertaker	Dearborn No.

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum. etc.. Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles: Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical-Association.)